Indian Institute of Technology Dharwad

CS 621 Logic and Applications

Assignment 2 : Programming Assignment Date of submission: 26 Oct 2023 (5pm) Mode of submission : email, with subject line – "CS 621: Assignment2"

- Model the puzzle and solve it using Z3
- Your submission must include a ReadMe file, with instructions on how to execute your code.
- You can choose either Z3cpp or Z3py interfaces.
- You can read the input from file/command line or write the output to a file/command line, however you want to, there are no other restrictions.
- 1. Given an 8 litre bucket of water (say A), and two empty buckets (say B and C) which can contain 5 and 3 litres respectively, you are asked to distribute the water such that there is 4 litres in A , and 4 litres in B.

What is the minimum number of transfers of water between buckets? Show the stepwise transfers.

Encode this using satisfiability constraints and solve them using Z3. **Expected Output:**

```
step 0: A:8 B:0 C:0
transfer from A to C
step 1: A:3 B:0 C:5
...
step n: A:4 B:4 C:0
```

2. Definition (Graph colouring) : Given Graph G = (V, E) a valid colouring of a graph is an assignment of colours to the vertices of the graph so that no two adjacent vertices have the same colour.

Write a program that can assign colours to each vertex in G. Input:

- A set of vertices V = [A, B, C, D]
- Pairs of edges E = [(A, B), (A, C), (A, D), (B, D), (C, D)]

Expected Output:

- Total number of colours required in a valid colouring of G:3
- A valid assignment of colours to all vertices in V (say) A:0,B:1,C:1,D:2

The naive approach would be to assign a different colour to each vertex, which is not interesting. This approach will not be accepted as a valid solution. One should give the *least possible number* of colors possible.

3. Scheduling Problem An employer needs to interview N candidates, and therefore makes N interview slots. Every person has a free-busy schedule for those slots.

- (a) Can you schedule the interview, such that there is exactly one candidate allocated for a timeslot, for each of the N candidates?
- (b) How many such schedules can you make?
 - Input: The input to your program, can be a binary matrix of this form, where columns represent candidates C_0, \dots, C_{N-1} and rows represent time slots T_0, \cdots, T_{N-1} .

If a candidate is free, it is represented by 1. If the candidate is busy, it is represented by 0.

	C0	C1	C_2
TICO	1	0	0

TS2 1 1 1

In the above figure, in timeslot T_0 , only candidate C_0 is free; in timeslot TS_2 , all candidates are busy.

- Expected Output:

- (a) For (a), if satisfiable, display the interview schedules
- (b) For (b) Count how many such schedules are possible? Print all possible solutions.

Note: Your program has to work for any given $N \times N$ binary matrix as input.